

Molecular Biotechnology Programme

Uppsala University School of Engineering

UPTEC X 06 032	Date of issue 2006-08
Author Erik Svensson	
Title (English)	
Improvement of a CHO cell process by feeding peptones	
Title (Swedish)	
Abstract Peptones are undefined hydrolysates of proteins. Using peptones derived from plants instead of animal derived serum to supplement mammalian cell culture media would eliminate the risk of virus, mycoplasma or prion contamination of the biopharmaceutical product. The use of plant peptones in a CHO fed-batch process was developed by studying the dose and timing of the peptone feeding using Biovitrum's proprietary protein free medium. Different combinations of peptone cocktail and amino acids were screened in 50 ml filter tubes and spinners and the best combination was assessed in 3 L bioreactor scale. It was found that feeding the peptone cocktail significantly improved the cell growth, process longevity and antibody productivity. The beneficial effects of the peptones could not be reproduced by amino acid supplementation. Further, it was found that overfeeding the amino acids is toxic to the cells and the peptones can reduce the toxic effect of amino acid overfeeding. Keywords Peptones, CHO cells, fed-batch process, amino acids, mammalian cell cultivation	
Supervisors Yun Jiang, Ph.D. Biopharmaceuticals Process Development, Biovitrum AB, Stockholm	
Scientific reviewer	
Prof. Lena Häggström Dept. of Bioprocess Technology, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm	
Project name	Sponsors
Language	Security
English	
ISSN 1401-2138	Classification
Supplementary bibliographical information	Pages 55
Biology Education CentreBiomedical CenterHusargatan 3 UppsalaBox 592 S-75124 UppsalaTel +46 (0)18 4710000Fax +46 (0)18 555217	

